

SALT LAKE DAILY HERALD.

VOL. XII.

SALT LAKE CITY, SUNDAY MORNING AUGUST 28, 1881.

NO. 72

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.
Single or en suite, close to Main street. Apply to S. W. Darke & Co., Real Estate Agents, 40 Main street.

WANTED.
GOOD BUILDING ROCK
WANTED immediately by Morris & Evans.

WANTED.
Furnacemen, Feeders and Laborers. Also one blacksmith. Apply at the Germania Smelter, or office in town.

WANTED.
Thirty good rock men to work on the Railroad at Granger. Three dollars per day, cash. Transportation from Ogden to Granger furnished. Apply to Crismon & Weiler, Salt Lake City, or at Granger.

FIFTY MEN WANTED.
To work on the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad in Price River Canyon. For information apply to H. Wallace, grocery department, Jennings and Sons, or to A. G. Adamson.

FOR SALE.

SHEEP! SHEEP! SHEEP!
5,100 Stock Sheep,
2,400 Mutton Sheep.
Apply to **PHILIP DUFFEY,**
Kelton, U. T.

WILL CLOSE.

OUR PATRONS WILL PLEASE
note that the several departments of E. C. M. I. will be closed on Wednesday next, the 31st instant, for stock raising.

W. M. JENNINGS.
Supt.

HAINES' PIANOS.

Exclusively FIRST CLASS, and have received more endorsements from Artists and

MUSICIANS

Than all other Upright Pianos combined. They are the

ONLY UPRIGHT

Pianos ever used as a Solo Instrument in Public Conventions by EMINENT PIANISTS.

We invite a thorough examination by the profession of Utah, at our General Agency, D. O. CALDER'S Warehouse, Salt Lake City, where our several styles will be found for Sale.

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Blacksmithing.

One door West of Basin, Wagon Depot.

FAMILY MEATS

The Cheapest & Cheapest

W. PETERSEN'S.

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HOT DINNERS

From 12 to 2 p.m. 25c.

Crank B. & Soda Water, Ice Cream.

LUNCH PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS.

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Opposite Theatre.

12th Ward Pioneer Meat Market.

Nearly Opposite 12th Ward Co-op.

THE CHOICEST

Beef, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

ALWAYS FRESH.

BOLOGNA SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY!

Prompt Delivery to All Parts of Town.

HENRY RULBERT, Proprietor.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

AWAITING THE END.

Hope Departing From A.I.

Congress to be Called Together.

Mobs to Lynch Guitteau.

AT MENTOR.

Cleveland, 26.—Joseph Rudolph, brother-in-law of the President, left this afternoon for Washington, in company with Captain Henry. Mr. Rudolph has been in charge of the Mentor household while the President was gone away, and has had the care of the President's two younger sons, 9 and 11 years of age. In obedience to a telegram last night from Mrs. Garfield, these sons are left at Mentor. They were informed last evening of the President's almost hopeless condition and were greatly distressed, but did not murmur on being told that they could not go to him.

CHRISTIAN PRAYER AND SYMPATHY.

Old Orchard Beach, Maine, 26.—The following dispatch was sent from here today by members of the Bible Conference now in session, and which is composed of representatives from all parts of the United States. It is the desire of the conference that Christians in all parts of the country may communicate to the authorities at Washington their sympathy with this suggestion:

OLD ORCHARD BEACH, Aug. 26, '81.
Hon. James G. Blaine, Secretary of State, Washington:

The Christians assembled from many parts of the United States in conference at this place for Bible study, hereby express unceasing prayerful sympathy with the President and Mrs. Garfield, in their affliction and recognizing that all human power is insufficient for our present extremity, and that all our hope is in God, respectfully ask that you will suggest an early day as practicable for national humiliation and prayer that Christians of every name may more perfectly unite in recognizing and entreating Divine mercies.

In behalf of the convention,
(Signed) James H. Breakey, St. Louis, president; W. J. Ord, Jamestown, N. Y., secretary; H. A. Parsons, Toronto; E. P. Goodwin, Chicago; A. B. Simpson, New York; T. W. Harvey, D. W. Whittle, Chicago.

PULSE, 138.

Washington, 26.—Dr. Boynton said this evening he thought there had been very slight improvement in the President's general condition since 4 o'clock. Up to that hour I think he had gradually failed. His pulse raised early in the afternoon as high as 138, and remained at 136 a considerable time. I thought he could hardly live through the night. About 4, however, he rallied slightly and since has fully held his own. In fact I think his general condition is now a trifle better.

Have any indications of swelling or suppurations appeared anywhere except in the wound and parotid gland? No.

What was the character of the pus discharged to-day by the mouth? It looked about the same as it did last night.

Was it as healthy last night as it was before that time? No, not quite. It was less in quantity and slightly watery in appearance.

To what was that attributable? Probably to the impoverished condition of the patient's blood.

Do you think there is anything in this changed character of the pus discharged by the wound to cause additional alarm? No; it only shows the weak and depleted condition of the patient's body. It is an evidence of inanition.

What are the symptoms to-night that you regard more favorable? Well, the character of his pulse is a little better for one thing, and there seems to be some improvement in his mental condition, which has been brighter since 4 than before that time. But of course this change for the better, if it can be so called, is very slight.

THREE CHANGES.

Up to 10 to-night there had been three changes in the President's condition to be noted. Early this morning everything was bad. It could not be worse without immediate death. Later in the forenoon there was a rally. That was the first rally. The rally, however, was very feeble, and did not continue long enough to even fully send up to a high mark, the buoyant feeling generally to be found under most adverse circumstances at the White House. After a short rally during the forenoon came the midday bulletin. It was bad; very bad. It showed a weakening in the whole system. That he was worse than at the same hour yesterday was admitted by physicians. The change for the worse became more apparent as the afternoon wore on. Shortly before 3 o'clock his sleepiness increased and the President appeared in a comatose condition. Such condition was evidence of well developed blood poisoning, which he undoubtedly has. His pulse ran up to 138, with a corresponding increase of

temperature. Then followed the administration of stimulants to undo the sleepiness. Whisky to the amount of five drachms, at intervals, and the yolk of an egg with peptonized milk, was administered by enemata. That was the second change. The administration of stimulants had its effect upon the pulse. It went down, but the sleepiness continued, and despite the stimulants he was unconscious in slumber for an unusually long period during the afternoon. With the subsidence of the pulse the doctor announced a more favorable condition, and the 6.30 bulletin, as Dr. Hamilton expressed it, showed a shade of improvement. That marked the third change up to 10 o'clock to-night.

GREATEST DANGER.

The greatest danger now is that the President cannot be given sufficient strength to carry him along, so the more fatal conditions of blood poisoning may be warded off. He is so weak and his blood so impoverished that it seems almost impossible to successfully overcome the dangerous complications which have followed each other fast and faster. Last night the burrowing abscess broke inside and pus was discharged through the ear. All efforts to control the abscess seemed to avail nothing. The break inside was admitted to be a most dangerous sign. One of the physicians said before it occurred that if such a contingency should arise, he did not think the President could survive. Again last night the President became anxious and worried on the subject of being removed. Mrs. Edson was with him. The President said: "Where is Bliss?" "In the next room" was the reply. After an impatient movement the President said: "Go and tell him to come here. Tell him I want to be removed to my own bed. I won't stay here any longer." After considerable trouble Mrs. Edson quitted him and he went to sleep for a few minutes. It will be remembered that when Dr. Hamilton cut the gland the other day, he did it in order to let out the accumulated matter, fearing it might seek an outlet elsewhere, and possibly go through the ear. The swelling of the gland has not gone down perceptibly.

CABINET OFFICERS' OPINION.

MacVeagh and James have been most widely divergent in their view for the past three weeks. James has kept up hope and the attorney-general has been despondent. Today these two gentlemen came nearer being in coincidence with each other than heretofore. They are in fact not very far apart in their opinions.

The attorney-general after being told by the physicians about the bursting gland, and being made acquainted with other features of the case, summarized in saying the situation is very critical. Postmaster-General James, after talking with the surgeons, puts the diagnosis of his opinion in the words, "Improvement not impossible."

THREAT OF HOPE.

The ground upon which the ray of hope which at 12 o'clock has shed its light around the White House, has for the corner stone of its foundation, the free and natural suppurations from the inflamed gland. The relief consequent upon the outflow of matter which had accumulated is not only perceptible but very marked. There hangs the threat of hope. The gathering at the White House for the noon bulletin was unusually large. Talking in the private secretary's room went on in undertones. The crowd got impatient. As usual there were those on hand to say the delay was the sign of a bad bulletin. There was a rapid break for down stairs with the bulletins as they were distributed. Sergeant Dinsmore had to stand at the stairs and check the stampede of bulletins holders, to prevent too much noise being made in the hurry to get out of the house with the bulletin. The bulletin was as depressing as anticipated. The pulse had gone up ten beats since morning. The temperature had gone up nearly a tenth, and there was no improvement in the respiration. Bliss maintained there was no pyæmia, that the pus was healthy and not offensive, that there were no signs of other inflammation of glands, that even with the worst aggravation of the present symptoms, he didn't expect death. He couldn't die inside of three days at least.

The scene to-day was like the day after the President was shot. There was a general feeling of despair. Boynton thinks him a little weaker to-night if anything.

Dr. Hamilton said at 6 p.m., there is a shade of improvement.

CRITICISMS.

A warm friend of the President, who has remained at the White House during the period of his illness, spoke in the most bitter terms of the *Inter-Ocean's* correspondent, and of the bulletins of the secretary of state. The gentleman averred that Blaine's sources for obtaining accurate information were more limited than that of any other member of the cabinet. He said none of the attendant physicians would talk with Blaine since he had begun sending forth sensational reports, and his telegrams to Lowell were predicated upon his individual opinion of the case rather than upon information obtained from the proper

authorities. He said Mrs. Garfield was greatly worried by the despondent view of her husband's condition taken by the secretary.

THE QUEEN'S ANXIETY.

London, 26.—The Queen expressed deep regret on learning of the relapse of President Garfield, and renewed her request for latest telegrams concerning his condition. The Prince of Wales also intimated a desire to hear the latest dispatches from Washington.

MORNING BULLETIN.

Washington, 26.—Executive Mansion, 8.30 a.m.—The President slept from half an hour to an hour more at a time throughout the night. He continues to retain the liquid food administered by the mouth and stimulating enemata. Nevertheless his pulse has been more frequent since midnight, and he is evidently feebler this morning than yesterday. Pulse 120, temperature 98.4, respiration 22.

(Signed) D. W. BLISS, J. K. BARNES, J. J. WOODWARD, ROBT. REYBURN, F. H. HAMILTON.

BLAINE TO LOWELL.

Secretary Blaine sent the following telegram to Minister Lowell this morning:

To Lowell, Minister, London:

The President had a bad night and his symptoms at this hour, 9 o'clock, are of the most alarming character.

BLAINE, Secretary.

About 7 o'clock this morning the first intelligent bearing on the condition of the President was received from the physicians' rooms. This information, though meagre, was encouraging. It was substantially to the effect that the President's condition was a little less encouraging than at a late hour last night; that his pulse had not yet been taken but was noticeably less firm. This feebleness of pulse was not noticed until Dr. Bliss went to his bedside about 6 o'clock, this morning. He then observed that although the frequency of the pulse had not materially changed, its character was weaker and more unsteady. He did not interpret this as a certain evidence of the nearness of the end, but as a circumstance calculated to narrow still more the President's chances for recovery.

A painful period of suspense intervened between the receipt of this information and the appearance of the morning bulletin, and the latter was waited for with anxious foreboding that it would confirm the worst fears. The bulletin, when it made its appearance with the positive statement that the President had grown feebler since yesterday, and noted a marked increase in the pulse and respiration, extinguished the last ray of hope held by the general public, and cast a deep gloom over those near and dear to the President. The physicians do not yet say, however, that hope is dead.

DR. REYBURN.

10.50 a.m.—Dr. Reyburn reports that the President's strength up to this hour has not perceptibly failed since the morning examination. He continues to take food about as well as heretofore, and the frequency of his pulse has not increased. He has just been sponged off, and he was more comfortable.

GEN. SWAIN.

10.50 a.m.—General Swain, interviewed by a reporter at 10.45 a.m., said the President's pulse had varied a good deal since the morning dressing. The least exertion or any slight movement of the body was enough to increase its frequency, so although its average rate might not change a great deal it was occasionally higher for short periods. The swollen parotid gland, he said, continues to discharge through the ear and through the incision made several days ago, and this discharge seems to afford relief. The surgeons still hope that the nourishment which the patient takes will sustain his strength and keep him on the present plane of vitality until the glandular abscess becomes less threatening, when there will be, in General Swain's opinion, a change at least of recuperation.

All the members of the cabinet came to the Executive Mansion at 9 a.m., and most of them are still here. They were generally more reticent than yesterday with regard to their views of the situation. Secretary Windom said it was useless to disguise the fact that the morning bulletin was very discouraging. He was not ready, however, himself to say the case was hopeless. He entertained hope, and will believe to the end that the President will live. Postmaster-General James would only say while there is life there is hope. Attorney-General MacVeagh declined to converse upon the situation, but admitted that it seemed to him less hopeful this morning.

NO BETTER.

At noon Bliss said: I think the President is no better than yesterday, and that is about the same as saying he is worse, because the longer he goes on this way the less are his chances. He has not failed a great deal since 7 o'clock. His greatest depression is in the morning. His pulse during the forenoon was from 110 to 118. I think he realizes his condition to a certain extent. He has inquired about his pulse and the gland trouble several

times to-day. I don't think he has given up hope of recovery. He seemed more discouraged this morning than usual, which probably induced the physical depression. His mind seems to react unfavorably on his body. He asked how he was, and Mrs. Garfield and I gave him reassuring replies. That seemed to brace him up, as he soon rallied. His mind is absolutely clear and much better than yesterday. He understands everything that is said and done about him. The parotid gland has not changed much. It continues to discharge through the ear rather more freely. No other glands are affected and there are no other suppurations except the gland and wound. The pus indicates a trifle more depletion of the system. I think yesterday's slim chance has grown slimmer.

You still hope for recovery? Yes, I hope for it.

NOON BULLETIN.

Executive Mansion, 12.20 p.m.—There has been no improvement in the President's condition since the last bulletin. He continues to retain liquid food administered by the mouth as well as enemata. In the morning dressing the parotid swelling appeared about the same as yesterday. No material change was observed in the wound. Since the morning his temperature has risen about a degree and his pulse fluctuates somewhat. At present the pulse is 120, temperature 99.6, respiration 22.

(Signed) D. W. BLISS, J. K. BARNES, J. J. WOODWARD, ROBT. REYBURN, F. H. HAMILTON.

MEMBERS OF THE CABINET ARE STILL HERE.

Members of the cabinet are still here, but no decisive change has taken place in the President's condition. Attorney-General MacVeagh authorizes the statement that Vice-President Arthur has not been telegraphed for, and no decision to send for him is yet arrived at.

Dr. Bliss said to a reporter of the Associated Press at noon, that his belief is that the President cannot recover. He thinks, however, that death will not occur immediately and he may linger several days.

PULSE 148.

After resting easily through the night, the President became worse about 4 o'clock a.m., and has been growing feebler since. At 11 this morning his pulse was up to 148, though when the bulletin was issued at 8.30 it was but 120. Since then it has remained steady.

Dr. Reyburn said at 10 o'clock there had been no material change since the issuing of the bulletin, but the President was very feeble, and the hopes entertained yesterday of relief through the suppuration of the inflamed gland were less bright to-day. The fact is the President has been dying since 4 o'clock this morning.

Dr. Power, pastor of the Christian Church, has been at the White House all the morning, and will not leave until the end. The members of the cabinet are all at the White House and in consultation in the cabinet room. The subject of the conference is the advisability of sending for Vice-President Arthur at once. It was understood last night that they agreed that this should not be done until, in the opinion of the physicians, death was at hand. Now they discuss whether the time has not arrived already. Great excitement prevails on the streets, and reports of the President's death are circulated almost hourly. To add to the excitement, alarming rumors are in circulation regarding organized bodies of men in neighboring cities, who are banded together to come here and lynch Guitteau. It is said the guards at the jail are in sympathy with them, and only await a favorable opportunity to themselves murder Guitteau. General Sherman, in conjunction with the secretaries of war and state, however, is taking every precaution to preserve the place.

COL. ROCKWELL.

2.30 p.m.—The President's condition remains substantially unchanged. Some of the President's intimate personal friends and relatives still cling to the hope of his recovery. Colonel Rockwell, in conversation this afternoon, said, with much emphasis and feeling, that notwithstanding the discouraging bulletins and all that had been said, and notwithstanding the dispatches which had been sent far and wide over the country, I tell you the President is not dying, and shows no signs of dying. I do not speculate on the chances of the future. The present is enough for me. He is not dying now. Not ten minutes ago I heard him tell General Swain, who stood by his bedside, that he thought he felt better than he did yesterday. A long while ago, in talking to me about himself, the President said: With me it is always the unexpected which happens. I believe the unexpected may happen once more in the President's life, and that he may yet surprise the country by getting well.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, 3.20 P.M.

There has been no marked change in the President's condition this afternoon. General Swain, who has just come from the room, thinks he is a little better. The doctors continue administering stimulants to prolong life.

WAITING THE END.
Everything is quiet about the

White House at this writing, and everyone is waiting with anxiety for the going down of the sun, which, it is believed, will mark the beginning of the end. No bulletins have been issued since noon, and only Doctors Woodward and Edson are at the White House. None of the members of the cabinet have part in an appearance since the adjournment of the consultation at noon. It is reported again that a proclamation calling Congress in session is in the hands of Secretary Blaine to be issued this evening.

Chicago, 27.—The *Times* correspondent in Washington has given up sending bulletins, as he is assured by Dr. Reyburn that the President is not likely to die to-day.

MRS. GARFIELD.

Times' Washington: A lady who conversed with Dr. Edson expressed warm sympathy for Mrs. Garfield, referring at the same time to the report that she soon expects to increase her maternal cares. Mrs. Garfield is in her usual vigorous health, replied Dr. Edson, and there's not a word of truth in the statement to which you refer. It is reported that when Mrs. Garfield was informed by Dr. Boynton last night that only a miracle could save the President, her husband, she said, "Then that miracle will occur; my husband will recover. He must."

Executive Mansion, 4 p.m.—Dr. Bliss made the following replies to questions asked him: What is the condition of the President this afternoon? His mental condition is perfect. He takes food well, is resting quietly and his pulse is now about 114.

Do you think there is any more reason for encouragement? The facts I have just given you are some encouragement.

General Swain, who recently came from the President's room, said, in conversation with a friend a few minutes since, that the President seemed to him better to-day than yesterday. He appeared and he said himself that he felt stronger, and for the first time in several days could taste the food which he swallowed.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Executive Mansion, 6 p.m.—The President's symptoms show a slight amelioration this afternoon. His pulse is somewhat less frequent and his temperature lower. Moreover, the mental disturbance described in yesterday morning's bulletin has disappeared. The parotid swelling has discharged a little pus by the opening spontaneously formed in the ear, as well as by the incision made, but is not perceptibly smaller. The liquid food given by the mouth and enemata continues to be retained. Pulse 114, temperature 98.

(Signed) D. W. BLISS, J. J. WOODWARD, ROBT. REYBURN, D. H. AGNEW.

DR. AGNEW ARRIVES TONIGHT.

OTTAWA, S.A.D.

Ottawa, 27.—There is universal sadness owing to the Washington news.

BLISS GIVES UP.

Washington, 27.—Bliss has practically given the case up. In answer to a question of a Western Associated Press man, he said: There may be hope yet, but I see no prospect of recovery. Dr. Boynton, on the contrary, who last night had given up all hopes, says the President is better to-day than for two days past.

The cabinet consultation broke at 12.30 and the result of the discussion is that Arthur will not be sent for at present. Secretary Kirkwood, James, Blaine and Hunt were asked by a reporter as they passed out of the White House as to the condition of the President and all said there had been no favorable change. Bliss is reported as having told members of the cabinet that he would be able to inform them several hours in advance of the President's death, giving them ample time to send for the Vice-President. The doctor is also quoted as having told an intimate personal acquaintance that the President's mind was now clear, but his faculties would desert him some time before death. My belief is that the President cannot recover. He might but, for the parotid gland trouble. There can be no recuperation with that complication. He might last two or three days even with that complication. I do not think he will go suddenly. I presume death will be preceded by a period of unconsciousness. I do not think it is our place to let Mrs. Garfield send for any other members of the family. She knows perfectly well how he is. Nobody was admitted to-day but the surgeons and attendants. Death's approach will probably be recognized a considerable time in advance.

PREPARED TO DIE.

New York, 27.—Post's Washington: The President's pastor saw him a few moments yesterday morning, and is now with him. He says he then spoke clearly, calmly and cheerfully. He understood his condition and expressed himself as prepared for death. Last night Reyburn, recognizing the great danger, told Mrs. Garfield that it would be better that all the children should sleep in the house. For this reason Miss Mollie, who has been passing the nights at Col. Rockwell's, came from there and passed the night at the

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